## Math 4133 - Linear Algebra

## Quiz #5 - 2014.02.07

## Solutions

Consider the matrix:

$$A = \left[ \begin{array}{rrrr} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ -3 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

1. Compute the determinant of A along any row or column except row 1.

We will expand along the last column where only the last entry is nonzero. We get

$$\det(A) = (-1)^{3+3} \cdot \det\left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3\\ -3 & 1 \end{bmatrix}\right)$$
$$= 1 \cdot (1+9) = 10$$

2. Based on your answer to problem 1, is A invertible?

A is invertible since  $det(A) \neq 0$ .

3. Compute  $M_{2,3}$ .

The minor corresponding to row 2 and column 3 of A is the determinant of the  $2 \times 2$  matrix found by removing row 2 and column 3 of A. Thus

$$M_{2,3} = \det\left(\left[\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 3\\ 4 & 3\end{array}\right]\right)$$
$$= 3 - 12 = -9$$